

## Latin IB Practice Final Exam - Part 1 Only

Nomen: Answer Key

Datum: \_\_\_\_\_

### Section 1: Grammar

1. Please use this list of nouns to decline below:

- a. porta, -ae, f. - door
- b. rex, regis, m. - king
- c. onus, oneris, n. - burden
- d. series, seriei, f. - series
- e. versus, -ûs, m. - verse
- f. amicus, -i, m. - friend
- g. templum, -i, n. - temple

Choose 5 nouns to decline below:

Noun #1: Onus

| Case       | Singular | Plural   |
|------------|----------|----------|
| Nominative | onus     | onera    |
| Genitive   | oneris   | onerum   |
| Dative     | oneri    | oneribus |
| Accusative | onus     | onera    |
| Ablative   | onere    | oneribus |

Noun #2: Series

| Case       | Singular | Plural   |
|------------|----------|----------|
| Nominative | series   | series   |
| Genitive   | seriei   | seriarum |
| Dative     | seriei   | seriebus |
| Accusative | seriem   | series   |
| Ablative   | serie    | seriebus |



Noun #3: versus

| Case       | Singular | Plural   |
|------------|----------|----------|
| Nominative | versus   | versus   |
| Genitive   | versus   | versuum  |
| Dative     | versui   | versibus |
| Accusative | versum   | versus   |
| Ablative   | versu    | versibus |

Noun #4: amicus

| Case       | Singular | Plural   |
|------------|----------|----------|
| Nominative | amicus   | amici    |
| Genitive   | amici    | amicorum |
| Dative     | amico    | amicis   |
| Accusative | amicum   | amicos   |
| Ablative   | amico    | amicis   |

Noun #5: templum

| Case       | Singular | Plural    |
|------------|----------|-----------|
| Nominative | templum  | templa    |
| Genitive   | templi   | templorum |
| Dative     | templo   | templis   |
| Accusative | templum  | templa    |
| Ablative   | templo   | templis   |



Now, choose an additional noun from that list **that you have not used yet**, and decline and translate:

Noun #6: \_\_\_\_\_

| Case (singular) | Latin   | English          |
|-----------------|---------|------------------|
| Nominative      | rex     | king (s)         |
| Genitive        | regis   | of The king      |
| Dative          | regi    | to/for the king  |
| Accusative      | regem   | king (d.o.)      |
| Ablative        | rege    | x                |
| Case (plural)   | -----   | -----            |
| Nominative      | reges   | kings (s)        |
| Genitive        | regum   | of The kings &   |
| Dative          | regibus | to/for The kings |
| Accusative      | reges   | kings (d.o.)     |
| Ablative        | regibus | x                |

2. Match the Latin form with the English definition:

a. nobis: c

a. of us

b. nostri: a

b. we

c. nos: b

c. to/for us

3. Give the correct case:

a. tibi: a

a. dative

b. tu: d

b. accusative

c. tui: c

c. genitive

d. te: b

d. nominative



4. Choose one to decline and translate:

- a. vos
- b. ego

Pronoun: \_\_\_\_\_

| Case       | Latin | English   |
|------------|-------|-----------|
| Nominative | ego   | I         |
| Genitive   | mei   | of me     |
| Dative     | mihi  | to/for me |
| Accusative | me    | me        |
| Ablative   | me    | -----     |

5. Choose 2 to decline:

- a. is, ea, id
- b. ille, illa, illud
- c. hic, haec, hoc

Pronoun #1: \_\_\_\_\_

| Case (singular) | Masculine | Feminine | Neuter |
|-----------------|-----------|----------|--------|
| Nominative      | hic       | haec     | hoc    |
| Genitive        | huius     | huius    | huius  |
| Dative          | huic      | huic     | huic   |
| Accusative      | hunc      | haec     | hoc    |
| Ablative        | hoc       | hac      | hoc    |
| Case (plural)   | -         | -        | -      |
| Nominative      | hi        | hae      | haec   |
| Genitive        | horum     | harum    | horum  |
| Dative          | his       | his      | his    |
| Accusative      | hos       | has      | haec   |
| Ablative        | his       | his      | his    |



Pronoun #2: \_\_\_\_\_

| Case (singular) | Masculine | Feminine | Neuter |
|-----------------|-----------|----------|--------|
| Nominative      | is        | ea       | id     |
| Genitive        | eius      | eius     | eius   |
| Dative          | ei        | ei       | ei     |
| Accusative      | eum       | eam      | id     |
| Ablative        | eo        | ea       | eo     |
| Case (plural)   | /         | /        | /      |
| Nominative      | ei        | eae      | ea     |
| Genitive        | eorum     | eorum    | eorum  |
| Dative          | eis       | eis      | eis    |
| Accusative      | eos       | eas      | ea     |
| Ablative        | eis       | eis      | eis    |

6. Out of the list of verbs below:

- a. faveo, favere, favi - to favor
- b. cogito, cogitare, cogitavi - to think
- c. aperio, aperire, aperui - to open
- d. cano, canere, cecini - to sing

Please choose **one** of them to conjugate in all tenses:

Verb #1: cano

Present Tense:

| Person | Singular | Plural  |
|--------|----------|---------|
| 1st    | cano     | canimus |
| 2nd    | canis    | canitis |
| 3rd    | canit    | canunt  |



Future Tense:

| Person | Singular | Plural  |
|--------|----------|---------|
| 1st    | Canam    | Canemus |
| 2nd    | Canes    | Canetis |
| 3rd    | Canet    | Canent  |

Imperfect Tense:

| Person | Singular | Plural    |
|--------|----------|-----------|
| 1st    | Canebam  | Canebamus |
| 2nd    | Canebas  | Canebatis |
| 3rd    | Canebat  | Canebant  |

Perfect Tense:

| Person | Singular  | Plural     |
|--------|-----------|------------|
| 1st    | cecini    | Cecinimus  |
| 2nd    | cecinisti | Cecinistis |
| 3rd    | cecinit   | Cecinerunt |

Imperatives (Positive and Negative)

| Imperative Tense: | Singular    | Plural        |
|-------------------|-------------|---------------|
| Positive          | Canere      | Canite        |
| Negative          | noli canere | nolite canere |

| Imperative Tense: | Singular | Plural |
|-------------------|----------|--------|
| Positive          |          |        |
| Negative          |          |        |



Now, choose a second verb from the list that you have not used, and conjugate and translate:

Verb #2: Faveo

Present Tense:

| Person       | Latin    | English     |
|--------------|----------|-------------|
| 1st Singular | faveo    | I favor     |
| 2nd Singular | faves    | you favor   |
| 3rd Singular | faret    | he favors   |
| 1st Plural   | favemus  | we favor    |
| 2nd Plural   | fave'tis | y'all favor |
| 3rd Plural   | favent   | They favor  |

Future Tense:

| Person       | Latin     | English          |
|--------------|-----------|------------------|
| 1st Singular | favebo    | I will favor     |
| 2nd Singular | favebis   | you will favor   |
| 3rd Singular | favebit   | he will favor    |
| 1st Plural   | favebimus | we will favor    |
| 2nd Plural   | favebitis | y'all will favor |
| 3rd Plural   | favebunt  | they will favor  |

Imperfect Tense:

| Person       | Latin     | English             |
|--------------|-----------|---------------------|
| 1st Singular | favebam   | I was favoring      |
| 2nd Singular | favebas   | you were favoring   |
| 3rd Singular | favebat   | he was favoring     |
| 1st Plural   | favebamus | we were favoring    |
| 2nd Plural   | favebatis | y'all were favoring |
| 3rd Plural   | favebant  | They were favoring  |



### Perfect Tense:

| Person       | Latin    | English       |
|--------------|----------|---------------|
| 1st Singular | favi     | I favored     |
| 2nd Singular | favisti  | you favored   |
| 3rd Singular | favit    | he favored    |
| 1st Plural   | favimus  | we favored    |
| 2nd Plural   | favistis | y'all favored |
| 3rd Plural   | faverunt | they favored  |

### Imperatives (Positive and Negative)

| Imperative Tense: | Latin         | English       |
|-------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Positive Singular | fave          | favor!        |
| Positive Plural   | favete        | favor!        |
| Negative Singular | noli favere   | Do not favor! |
| Negative Plural   | nolite favere | Do not favor! |

### Infinitive

| Tense:     | Latin  | English  |
|------------|--------|----------|
| Infinitive | favere | to favor |

### Part 2: Vocabulary

For the following Latin forms, please give the English definition:

1. talis, -e: such
2. spes, spei, f.: hope
3. intellego, intellegere, intellexi: to understand
4. numero, numerare, numeravi: to count
5. ordo, ordinis, m.: order, line
6. volo, velle, volui: to want/be willing



7. curro, currere, cucurri: to run
8. cado, cadere, cecidi: to fall
9. ascendo, ascendere, ascendi: to climb
10. turba, -ae, f.: Crowd
11. dies, diei, m.: day
12. ago, agere, egi: to do/drive
13. manus, -ûs, f.: hand
14. frango, frangere, fregi: to break
15. tempus, temporis, n.: time
16. surgo, surgere, surrexi: to rise/get up
17. aliquis, aliquid: Someone, something
18. annus, -i, m.: year
19. crudelis, -e: cruel
20. video, videre, vidi: to see
21. credo, credere, credidi: to believe
22. genus, generis, n.: kind/race/sort
23. vulnus, vulneris, n.: wound
24. rapio, rapere, rapui: to seize/scratch/steal
25. accedo, accedere, accessi: to approach

*For the following English words, please give all the correct Latin forms:*

26. fierce: ferox, ferocis
27. so: tam
28. to become: fi, fieri
29. The Republic: respublica, reipublicae, f.



30. however, nevertheless: tamen
31. to not want: nolo, nolle, nolui
32. to obey: pareo, parere, parui
33. empty: vacuus, -a, -um
34. journey: iter, itineris, n.
35. to bear, carry: fero, ferre, tuli
36. to allow: sino, sinere, sivi
37. to sleep: dormio, dormire, dormivi
38. to send: mitto, mittere, misi
39. to wait, stay: maneo, manere, mansi
40. thing: res, rei, f.
41. step: gradus, -us, m.
42. face: vultus, -us, m.
43. to read, choose: lego, legere, legi
44. easy: facilis, -e
45. sacred: Sacer, Sacra, Sacrum
46. fire: ignis, ignis, m.
47. to carry: veho, vehere, vexi
48. to sit: sedeo, sedere, sedi
49. to lead: duco, docere, duxi
50. to return: reddo, reddere, reddidi